

The Main Bound Computations

$$(L \geq 27 + \frac{1}{50})$$

Here we assemble bounds on the relevant pieces and combine them to accomplish the bound in the Main Theorem.

Definitions

```
In[1]:= << IntervalTools`
```

```
In[2]:= {Lmin, Lmax} = {27 + 1/50, ∞};  
Linterval = Interval[{Lmin, Lmax}];  
η[L_] =  $\frac{18}{10 + 9 L}$ ;  
c[L_] =  $1 + \frac{391}{683 + 74 L}$ ;  
r[L_] =  $\frac{149}{140} + \frac{769}{512 + 30 L}$ ;  
σ1[L_] =  $c[L] + \frac{(c[L] - 1/2)^2}{r[L]}$ ;  
δ[L_] =  $2 c[L] - \sigma_1[L] - \frac{1}{2}$ ;  
θ-η[L_] =  $\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{-\eta[L] - c[L]}{r[L]}\right]$ ;  
θ1+η[L_] =  $\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1 + \eta[L] - c[L]}{r[L]}\right]$ ;  
θ1-c[L_] =  $\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1 - 2 c[L]}{r[L]}\right]$ ;
```

```
In[12]:= Reduce[D[η[L], L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
Reduce[D[c[L], L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
Reduce[D[r[L], L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
Reduce[D[σ1[L], L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
Reduce[D[δ[L], L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
Reduce[D[θ-η[L], L] ≥ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
Reduce[D[θ1+η[L], L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
Reduce[D[θ1-c[L], L] ≥ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
```

Out[12]= $L \geq 27$

Out[13]= $L \geq 27$

Out[14]= $L \geq 27$

Out[15]= $L \geq 27$

Out[16]= $L \geq 27$

Out[17]= $L \geq 27$

Out[18]= $L \geq 27$

Out[19]= $L \geq 27$

Thus, the following interval enclosures are justified. Actually, η , c , r only contain one occurrence of L , and so are automatically sharp.

```
In[20]:= η[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[η[L], L, Lint]];
c[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[c[L], L, Lint]];
r[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[r[L], L, Lint]];
σ1[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[σ1[L], L, Lint]];
δ[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[δ[L], L, Lint]];
θ-η[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[θ-η[L], L, Lint]];
θ1+η[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[θ1+η[L], L, Lint]];
θ1-c[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[θ1-c[L], L, Lint]];
```

Additionally we will frequently encounter $\log\left(\frac{r}{c-1/2}\right)$, which is monotone decreasing:

```
In[28]:= Reduce[D[Log[ $\frac{r[L]}{c[L] - 1/2}$ ], L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
```

Out[28]= $L \geq 27$

```
In[29]:= logrc[L_] = Log[ $\frac{r[L]}{c[L] - 1/2}$ ];
logrc[Lint_Interval] := Block[{L}, MonotoneEnclosure[Log[ $\frac{r[L]}{c[L] - 1/2}$ ], L, Lint]]
```

In[31]=

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Er}[a_, d_, T_] = \\
& \frac{4(4+3\pi)}{45\left((17+2a)^2+4T^2\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{4T}{3\left((17+2a)^2+4T^2\right)} + \frac{8+6\pi}{45\left((17+2a-2d)^2+4T^2\right)^{3/2}} + \\
& \frac{2T}{3\left((17+2a-2d)^2+4T^2\right)} + \frac{8+6\pi}{45\left((17+2a+2d)^2+4T^2\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{2T}{3\left((17+2a+2d)^2+4T^2\right)} + \\
& 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2a}{2T}\right] + 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{5+2a}{2T}\right] + 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{9+2a}{2T}\right] + 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{13+2a}{2T}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{2}(15+2a) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{17+2a}{2T}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2a-2d}{2T}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{5+2a-2d}{2T}\right] - \\
& \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{9+2a-2d}{2T}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{13+2a-2d}{2T}\right] + \frac{1}{4}(15+2a-2d) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{17+2a-2d}{2T}\right] - \\
& \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2a+2d}{2T}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{5+2a+2d}{2T}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{9+2a+2d}{2T}\right] - \\
& \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{13+2a+2d}{2T}\right] + \frac{1}{4}(15+2a+2d) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{17+2a+2d}{2T}\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{2}T \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(17+2a)^2}{4T^2}\right] - \frac{1}{4}T \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(17+2a-2d)^2}{4T^2}\right] - \frac{1}{4}T \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(17+2a+2d)^2}{4T^2}\right];
\end{aligned}$$

Bounds on the pieces

Domains for $L, \eta, c, r, \sigma_1, \delta$

```

In[32]=  $\eta$ interval =  $\eta$ [Linterval]
cinterval = c[Linterval]
rinterval = r[Linterval]
N[{ $\eta$ interval, cinterval, rinterval}, 3]

```

```

Out[32]= Interval[{0,  $\frac{900}{12659}$ }]

```

```

Out[33]= Interval[{1,  $\frac{76837}{67062}$ }]

```

```

Out[34]= Interval[{ $\frac{149}{140}$ ,  $\frac{1523637}{925820}$ }]

```

```

Out[35]= {Interval[{0, 0.0713}], Interval[{0.998, 1.15}], Interval[{1.06, 1.65}]}

```

```
In[36]:=  $\sigma$ 1interval =  $\sigma_1$ [Linterval]
```

```
 $\delta$ interval =  $\delta$ [Linterval]
```

```
N[{ $\sigma$ 1interval,  $\delta$ interval}, 3]
```

```
Out[36]= Interval[{ $\frac{184}{149}$ ,  $\frac{4\,793\,676\,918\,843\,499}{3\,426\,135\,363\,028\,314}$ }]
```

```
Out[37]= Interval[{ $\frac{79}{298}$ ,  $\frac{672\,158\,744\,063\,911}{1\,713\,067\,681\,514\,157}$ }]
```

```
Out[38]= {Interval[{1.23, 1.40}], Interval[{0.264, 0.393}]}
```

Inequalities:

$$-\frac{1}{2} \leq c[L] - r[L] \leq 1 - c[L] \leq -\eta[L] < 0 < 1 < 1 + \eta[L] < c[L] < \sigma_1[L] < c[L] + r[L]$$

```
In[39]:=  $-\frac{1}{2} < c[L] - r[L] < 1 - c[L] < -\eta[L] < 0 < 1 < 1 + \eta[L] < c[L] < \sigma_1[L] < c[L] + r[L]$ 
```

```
Out[39]=  $-\frac{1}{2} < -\frac{9}{140} - \frac{769}{512 + 30L} + \frac{391}{683 + 74L} < -\frac{391}{683 + 74L} < -\frac{18}{10 + 9L} < 0 < 1 < 1 + \frac{18}{10 + 9L} <$   

 $1 + \frac{391}{683 + 74L} < 1 + \frac{391}{683 + 74L} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{391}{683 + 74L}\right)^2}{\frac{149}{140} + \frac{769}{512 + 30L}} < \frac{289}{140} + \frac{769}{512 + 30L} + \frac{391}{683 + 74L}$ 
```

```
In[40]:= N[Reduce[
```

```
 $-\frac{1}{2} < c[L] - r[L] < 1 - c[L] < -\eta[L] < 0 < 1 < 1 + \eta[L] < c[L] < \sigma_1[L] < c[L] + r[L], L], 30]$ 
```

```
Reduce[ $-\frac{1}{2} < c[L] - r[L] < 1 - c[L] < -\eta[L] < 0 < 1 <$ 
```

```
 $1 + \eta[L] < c[L] < \sigma_1[L] < c[L] + r[L] \&\& L \geq \frac{1351}{50}, L]$ 
```

```
Out[40]=  $L > 27.0151561678270966757452912307$ 
```

```
Out[41]=  $L \geq \frac{1351}{50}$ 
```

$$\text{Bound: } |g(a, T)| \leq \frac{2-a}{50T}$$

In another file.

$$\text{Bound: } \frac{E\delta}{\pi} \leq \frac{(640+216a)d-112-39a}{1536(3T+3a-1)} + \frac{1}{2^{10}}$$

In another file.

$$\text{Bound 1: } |g(a, T)| + \frac{E\delta}{\pi} \leq \frac{1}{2^{10}} + \frac{1/14}{T-1/5}$$

```
In[42]:= bound[1] =  $\frac{1}{2^{10}} + \frac{1/14}{T-1/5}$ ;
```

```
In[43]:= Clear[f];
f[a_, d_, T_] = bound[1] -  $\left( \frac{2 - a}{50 T} + \frac{(640 + 216 a) d - 112 - 39 a}{1536 (3 T + 3 a - 1)} + \frac{1}{2^{10}} \right)$ ;
(* for each a, the function f is monotone in d, and rational in T *)
f[a_, dint_Interval, Tint_Interval] :=
  IntervalHull[f[a, Min[dint], Tint], f[a, Max[dint], Tint]];
f[a_, d_, Tint_Interval] := Module[{T, tmin = Min[Tint], tmax = Max[Tint], min, max},
  min = First[Minimize[{f[a, d, T], tmin ≤ T ≤ tmax}, T, Reals]];
  max = First[Maximize[{f[a, d, T], tmin ≤ T ≤ tmax}, T, Reals]];
  Interval[{min, max}]];
```

```
In[47]:=  $\delta$ interval
```

```
Out[47]= Interval[{ $\frac{79}{298}$ ,  $\frac{672\,158\,744\,063\,911}{1\,713\,067\,681\,514\,157}$ }]
```

```
In[48]:= f[0,  $\delta$ interval, Interval[{5/7,  $\infty$ ]}]
```

```
f[1,  $\delta$ interval, Interval[{5/7,  $\infty$ ]}]
```

... **Minimize**: The minimum is not attained at any point satisfying the given constraints.

... **Minimize**: The minimum is not attained at any point satisfying the given constraints.

```
Out[48]= Interval[{0,  $\frac{2\,147\,303}{42\,912\,000}$ }]
```

... **Minimize**: The minimum is not attained at any point satisfying the given constraints.

... **Minimize**: The minimum is not attained at any point satisfying the given constraints.

```
Out[49]= Interval[{0,  $\frac{246\,294\,287}{2\,488\,896\,000}$ }]
```

The warning messages are just acknowledging that the extreme values are happening as $T \rightarrow \infty$.

Bound 2:
$$\frac{2}{\pi} \text{Log}[\text{Zeta}[\sigma_1]] - \frac{\text{Log}[\text{Zeta}[2c]]}{\text{Log}\left[\frac{r}{c-1/2}\right]} \leq \frac{80807+17909L+178L^2}{4(164296+9637L+128L^2)}$$

```
In[50]:= bound[2] =  $\frac{80807 + 17909 L + 178 L^2}{4 (164296 + 9637 L + 128 L^2)}$ ;
```

```
In[51]:= Clear[f];
```

$$f[L_] = \text{bound}[2] - \left(\frac{2}{\pi} \text{Log}[\text{Zeta}[\sigma_1[L]]] - \frac{\text{Log}[\text{Zeta}[2c[L]]]}{\text{Log}\left[\frac{r[L]}{c[L]-1/2}\right]} \right);$$

```
In[53]:= Reduce[D[bound[2]] == 0 && L ≥ 27, L, Reals]
```

```
Out[53]= False
```

```

In[54]:= f[Lint_Interval] := Module[{rat, L},
  rat = MonotoneEnclosure[ $\frac{80807 + 17909 L + 178 L^2}{4(164296 + 9637 L + 128 L^2)}$ , L, Lint];
  rat -  $\left(\frac{2}{\pi} \text{Log}[Zeta[\sigma_1[Lint]]] - \frac{\text{Log}[Zeta[2c[Lint]]]}{\text{logrc}[Lint]}\right)$ ];
In[55]:= N[f[Interval[{215, ∞}]], 30]
Out[55]:= Interval[
  {0.000500758693829279976294113034809, 0.00170260069729536642276347599026}]
In[56]:= Timing[{t0, t1, t2} = ProveNonNegative[f, f, {Linterval}, MaxDepth → 20];
  Length/@{t0, t1, t2}
Out[56]:= {5.57471, Null}
Out[57]:= {0, 0, 989}

```

Bound 3:
$$\frac{1/\pi}{\text{Log}[r/(c-1/2)]} \kappa_1 L \leq \frac{238413}{2^{20}} L + \frac{80396+135589L+798L^2}{16(38735+3105L+32L^2)}$$

```

In[58]:=  $\kappa_1[L_] = (\theta_{-\eta}[L] - \theta_{1+\eta}[L]) * \frac{1 + \eta[L] - c[L]}{2} -$ 
 $(\pi - \theta_{-\eta}[L]) \left( c[L] - \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{r[L] (\text{Sin}[\theta_{-\eta}[L]] + \text{Sin}[\theta_{1+\eta}[L]])}{2};$ 

```

```

In[59]:= bound[3] =  $\frac{238413}{2^{20}} L + \frac{80396 + 135589 L + 798 L^2}{16(38735 + 3105 L + 32 L^2)}$ ;

```

This is done in another notebook.

Bound 4:
$$\frac{\text{Log}[Zeta[c]]}{2 \text{Log}[\frac{r}{c-1/2}]} \left(\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2J_1} + \frac{1}{J_2} + \frac{\theta_{1+\eta}}{\pi} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{J_2}\right) \frac{\theta_{1-c}}{\pi} - \frac{\theta_{-\eta}}{\pi} \right) \leq$$

$$\frac{149201-214796L-1135L^2}{496726+75117L+512L^2} + \frac{1365}{2^{10}} \text{Log}[1+L] + \frac{L}{2^{20}}$$

```

In[60]:= bound[4] =  $\frac{149201 - 214796 L - 1135 L^2}{496726 + 75117 L + 512 L^2} + \frac{1365}{2^{10}} \text{Log}[1 + L] + \frac{L}{2^{20}}$ ;

```

In[61]:= Clear[f];

f[L_] = Block[{J1 = 64, J2 = 24},

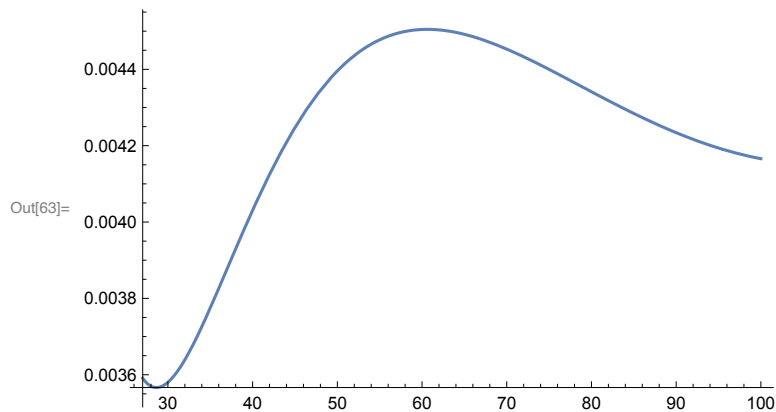
$$\text{bound}[4] - \frac{\text{Log}[\text{Zeta}[c[L]]]}{2 \log c[L]} \left(\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2 J_1} + \frac{1}{J_2} + \frac{\theta_{1+\eta}[L]}{\pi} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{J_2}\right) \frac{\theta_{1-c}[L]}{\pi} - \frac{\theta_{-\eta}[L]}{\pi} \right)$$

$$\text{Out[62]} = \frac{L}{1\,048\,576} + \frac{149\,201 - 214\,796 L - 1135 L^2}{496\,726 + 75\,117 L + 512 L^2} + \frac{1365 \text{Log}[1 + L]}{1024} -$$

$$\left(\frac{595}{384} - \frac{\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{-1 - \frac{18}{149} - \frac{391}{683+74 L}}{\frac{149}{140} + \frac{769}{512+38 L}}\right]}{\pi} + \frac{\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{-18 - \frac{391}{683+74 L}}{\frac{149}{140} + \frac{769}{512+38 L}}\right]}{\pi} + \frac{23 \text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1-2\left(1 + \frac{391}{683+74 L}\right)}{\frac{149}{140} + \frac{769}{512+38 L}}\right]}{24 \pi} \right) \text{Log}\left[\text{Zeta}\left[1 + \frac{391}{683+74 L}\right]\right]$$

$$- 2 \text{Log}\left[\frac{\frac{149}{140} + \frac{769}{512+38 L}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{391}{683+74 L}}\right]$$

In[63]:= Plot[f[L], {L, 27.02, 100}, PlotRange -> All]



In[64]:= logzetapluslog[1] = 0;

logzetapluslog[s_] = Log[Zeta[s]] + Log[s - 1];

logzetapluslog[sint_Interval] :=

Block[{s}, MonotoneEnclosure[logzetapluslog[s], s, sint]];

In[67]:= logoverlog[s_, x_] = $\frac{\text{Log}[s + x]}{\text{Log}[1 + x]}$;

logoverlog[s_, xint_Interval] :=

Block[{x}, MonotoneEnclosure[logoverlog[s, x], x, xint]];

```
In[69]:= FullSimplify[f[L] ==  $\frac{L}{2^{20}} + \frac{149\,201 - 214\,796 L - 1135 L^2}{496\,726 + 75\,117 L + 512 L^2} -$ 

$$\frac{\left(\frac{595}{384} - \frac{\theta_{-\eta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1+\eta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{23\theta_{1-c}[L]}{24\pi}\right)}{2 \operatorname{Log}[L]} \left(\operatorname{LogZetaPlusLog}\left[1 + \frac{391}{683 + 74 L}\right]\right) +$$


$$\left(\frac{\left(\frac{595}{384} - \frac{\theta_{-\eta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1+\eta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{23\theta_{1-c}[L]}{24\pi}\right)}{2 \operatorname{Log}[L]} \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{391}{683+74 L}\right]}{\operatorname{Log}[1+L]} + \frac{1365}{1024}\right) \operatorname{Log}[1+L],$$

Assumptions  $\rightarrow L \geq 27 + 1/50]$ 
FullSimplify[ $\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{391}{683+74 L}\right]}{\operatorname{Log}[1+L]} == \frac{-\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{74}{391}\right]}{\operatorname{Log}[1+L]} - \operatorname{LogOverLog}\left[\frac{683}{74}, L\right],$ 
Assumptions  $\rightarrow L \geq 27 + 1/50]$ 
```

Out[69]= True

Out[70]= True

```
In[71]:= Reduce[D[ $\frac{L}{1\,048\,576} + \frac{149\,201 - 214\,796 L - 1135 L^2}{496\,726 + 75\,117 L + 512 L^2}$ , L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ Lmin, L, Reals]
Reduce[D[ $\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{391}{683+74 L}\right]}{\operatorname{Log}[1+L]}$ , L] ≤ 0 && L ≥  $\frac{1351}{50}$ , L, Reals]
```

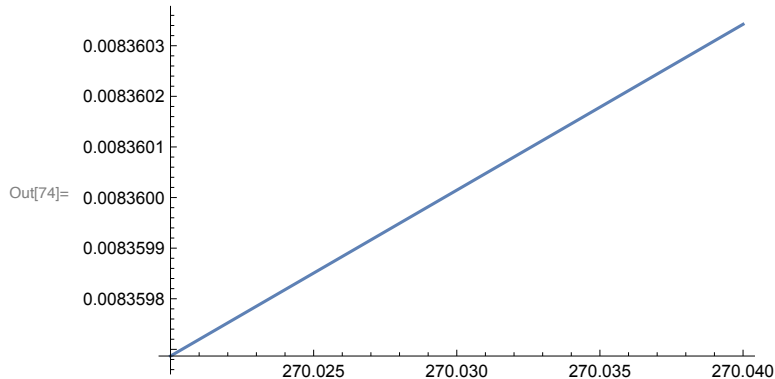
Out[71]= $\frac{1351}{50} \leq L \leq 99.6\dots$

Out[72]= $L \geq \frac{1351}{50}$

```
In[73]:= f[Lint_Interval] := Module[{L, firstterms, coeff},
  firstterms = PiecewiseMonotoneEnclosure[
    - $\frac{1135}{512} + \frac{L}{1\,048\,576} + \frac{640\,174\,922 - 24\,717\,757 L}{512(496\,726 + 75\,117 L + 512 L^2)}$ , L, {99.6\dots}, Lint];
  coeff =  $\left(\frac{595}{384} - \frac{\theta_{-\eta}[Lint]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1+\eta}[Lint]}{\pi} + \frac{23\theta_{1-c}[Lint]}{24\pi}\right) / (2 \operatorname{Log}[Lint]);$ 
  firstterms - coeff  $\left(\operatorname{LogZetaPlusLog}\left[1 + \frac{391}{683 + 74 Lint}\right]\right) +$ 
 $\left(\operatorname{coeff} \left(\frac{-\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{74}{391}\right]}{\operatorname{Log}[1+Lint]} - \operatorname{LogOverLog}\left[\frac{683}{74}, Lint\right]\right) + \frac{1365}{1024}\right) \operatorname{Log}[1+Lint];$ 
```



```
In[74]:= Plot[f[L], {L, 270.02, 270.04}]
f[Interval[{270 + 1/50, 270 + 2/50}]] // N
```



```
Out[75]= Interval[{0.00831001, 0.00841002}]
```

```
In[76]:= Timing[{fails, undec, proven} = ProveNonNegative[f, f, {Linterval}, MaxDepth -> 20];]
{fails, undec, Length[proven]}
```

```
Out[76]= {17.1176, Null}
```

```
Out[77]= {{}, {}, 797}
```

Bound 5:

$$\frac{\text{Log}[\text{Zeta}[1+\eta]]}{2 \text{Log}\left[\frac{r}{c-1/2}\right]} \left(-\frac{\theta_{1+\eta}}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1-c}}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{-\eta}}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \leq \frac{79045-118430L-182L^2}{599789+91562L+512L^2} + \frac{529}{2^{10}} \text{Log}[1+L] + \frac{L}{2^{22}}$$

```
In[78]:= bound[5] = \frac{79045 - 118430 L - 182 L^2}{599789 + 91562 L + 512 L^2} + \frac{529}{2^{10}} \text{Log}[1 + L] + \frac{L}{2^{22}};
```

```
In[79]:= Clear[f];
```

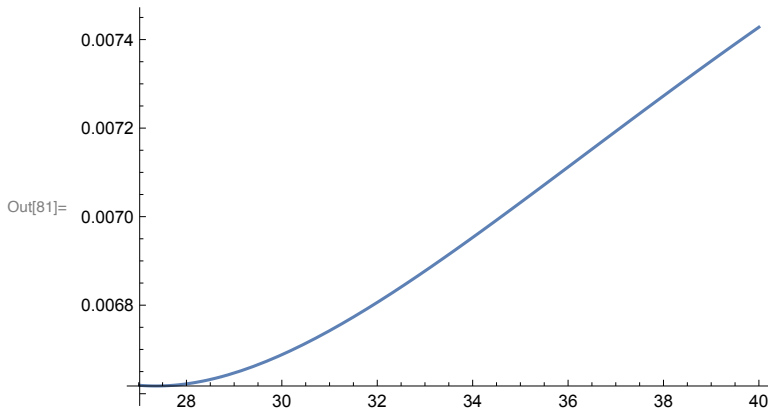
$$f[L_] = \text{bound}[5] - \frac{\text{Log}[\text{Zeta}[1 + \eta[L]]]}{2 \text{Log}[L]} \left(-\frac{\theta_{1+\eta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1-c}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{-\eta}[L]}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

```
Out[80]= \frac{L}{4194304} + \frac{79045 - 118430 L - 182 L^2}{599789 + 91562 L + 512 L^2} + \frac{529 \text{Log}[1 + L]}{1024} -
```

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{-1 - \frac{18}{149} - \frac{391}{140 + 512 \cdot 30 L}}{\frac{149}{140 + 512 \cdot 30 L} + \frac{769}{140 + 512 \cdot 30 L}}\right]}{\pi} - \frac{\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{18 - \frac{391}{149} - \frac{683 \cdot 74 L}{149 + 769}}{\frac{149}{140 + 512 \cdot 30 L} + \frac{769}{140 + 512 \cdot 30 L}}\right]}{\pi} + \frac{\text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1-2\left(1 + \frac{391}{683 \cdot 74 L}\right)}{\frac{149}{140 + 512 \cdot 30 L} + \frac{769}{140 + 512 \cdot 30 L}}\right]}{\pi} \right) \text{Log}\left[\text{Zeta}\left[1 + \frac{18}{10+9L}\right]\right]$$

$$2 \text{Log}\left[\frac{\frac{149}{140} + \frac{769}{512+30L}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{391}{683 \cdot 74 L}}\right]$$

In[81]:= Plot[f[L], {L, 27.02, 40}, PlotRange -> All]



In[82]:= logzetapluslog[0] = 0;
 logzetapluslog[s_] = Log[Zeta[s]] + Log[s - 1];
 logzetapluslog[sint_Interval] :=
 Block[{s}, MonotoneEnclosure[logzetapluslog[s], s, sint]]];

In[85]:= logoverlog[s_, x_] = $\frac{\text{Log}[s + x]}{\text{Log}[1 + x]}$;
 logoverlog[s_, xint_Interval] :=
 Block[{x}, MonotoneEnclosure[logoverlog[s, x], x, xint]]];

In[87]:= FullSimplify[f[L] == $\frac{L}{4194304} + \frac{79045 - 118430L - 182L^2}{599789 + 91562L + 512L^2} -$
 $\frac{\left(-\frac{\theta_{1+\eta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1-\zeta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{-\eta}[L]}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2 \logrc[L]} (\text{logzetapluslog}[1 + \eta[L]]) +$
 $\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{\theta_{1+\eta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1-\zeta}[L]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{-\eta}[L]}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2 \logrc[L]} \frac{\text{Log}[\eta[L]]}{\text{Log}[1 + L]} + \frac{529}{1024}\right) \text{Log}[1 + L],$

Assumptions -> L >= 27 + 1/50]

FullSimplify[$\frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{18}{10+9L}\right]}{\text{Log}[1 + L]} == \frac{-\text{Log}[1/2]}{\text{Log}[1 + L]} - \text{logoverlog}\left[\frac{10}{9}, L\right],$

Assumptions -> L >= 27 + 1/50]

Out[87]= True

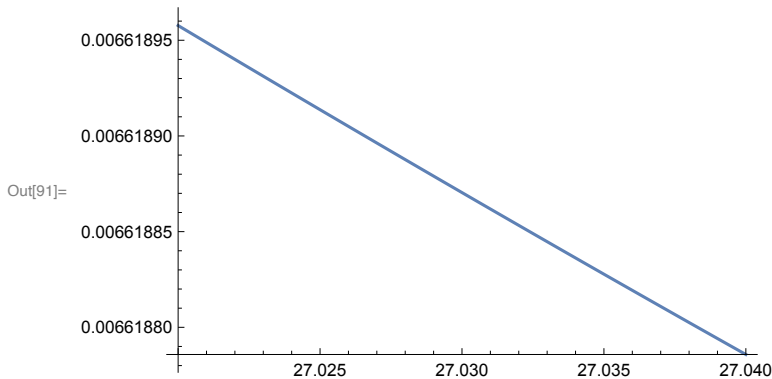
Out[88]= True

In[89]:= Reduce[D[$\frac{L}{4194304} + \frac{79045 - 118430L - 182L^2}{599789 + 91562L + 512L^2}$, L] <= 0 && L >= Lmin, L, Reals]

Out[89]= $\frac{1351}{50} \leq L \leq 45.7\dots$

```
In[90]:= f[Lint_Interval] := Module[{L, firstterms, coeff},
  firstterms =
  PiecewiseMonotoneEnclosure[
     $\frac{L}{4194304} + \frac{79045 - 118430L - 182L^2}{599789 + 91562L + 512L^2}$ , L, {45.7...}, Lint];
  coeff =  $\frac{\left(-\frac{\theta_{1,0}[Lint]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1,c}[Lint]}{\pi} + \frac{\theta_{1,n}[Lint]}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2 \logrc[Lint]}$ ;
  firstterms - coeff (logzetapluslog[1 +  $\eta$ [Lint]]) +
   $\left(\text{coeff} \left(\frac{-\text{Log}[1/2]}{\text{Log}[1 + Lint]} - \text{logoverlog}\left[\frac{10}{9}, Lint\right]\right) + \frac{529}{1024}\right) \text{Log}[1 + Lint]$ ];
```

```
In[91]:= Plot[f[L], {L, 27.02, 27.04}]
f[Interval[{27 + 1/50, 27 + 2/50}]] // N
```



```
Out[92]= Interval[{0.00640361, 0.00683416}]
```

```
In[93]:= N[f[Interval[{222,  $\infty$ }]], 30]
```

```
Out[93]= Interval[{0.674102896507041009666626751466,  $\infty$ }]
```

```
In[94]:= Timing[{fails, undec, proven} = ProveNonNegative[f, f, {Linterval}, MaxDepth -> 25];]
{fails, undec, Length[proven]}
```

```
Out[94]= {9.29132, Null}
```

```
Out[95]= {{}, {}, 172}
```

$$\text{Bound 6: } \kappa_2 = \frac{\pi}{4J_1} \left(\text{Log}[\text{Zeta}[c+r]] + 2 \text{Sum}\left[\text{Log}\left[\text{Zeta}\left[c+r \cos\left[\frac{\pi j}{2J_1}\right]\right]\right], \{j, 1, J_1-1\}\right] \right)$$

$$\frac{\kappa_2/\pi}{\text{Log}[r/(c-1/2)]} \leq \frac{635}{1024} - \frac{9(25384532+113745L)}{64(7149852+150141L+512L^2)}$$

```
In[96]:= bound[6] =  $\frac{635}{1024} - \frac{9(25384532 + 113745L)}{64(7149852 + 150141L + 512L^2)}$ ;
```

```
In[97]:= Clear[f];
f[L_] = bound[6] - Block[{J1 = 64},  $\frac{1/\pi}{\logrc[L]} - \frac{\pi}{4 J1}$ 
  (Log[Zeta[c[L] + r[L]]] + 2 Sum[Log[Zeta[c[L] + r[L] Cos[ $\frac{\pi j}{2 J1}$ ]]], {j, 1, J1 - 1}])];
```

```
In[99]:= Reduce[D[bound[6], L] ≥ 0 && L ≥ 27]
```

```
Out[99]= L ≥ 27
```

```
In[100]:= f[Lint_Interval] := Module[{L, rat, J1 = 64},
  rat = MonotoneEnclosure[ $\frac{635}{1024} - \frac{9(25384532 + 113745L)}{64(7149852 + 150141L + 512L^2)}$ , L, Lint];
  rat -  $\frac{1/\pi}{\logrc[Lint]} - \frac{\pi}{4 J1}$  (Log[Zeta[c[Lint] + r[Lint]]] +
  2 Sum[Log[Zeta[c[Lint] + r[Lint] Cos[ $\frac{\pi j}{2 J1}$ ]]], {j, 1, J1 - 1}])];
```

```
In[101]:= N[f[Interval[{216, ∞}]], 30]
```

```
Out[101]= Interval[{0.00190116149192584718501629953234, 0.00284634858015494862148462702167}]
```

```
In[102]:= N[f[Interval[{27 + 1/50, 28}]], 30]
```

```
Out[102]= Interval[
  {-0.00277775647380329995821780181877, 0.00482659079256835664310778475669}]
```

```
In[103]:= Timing[Length/@ProveNonNegative[f, f, {Linterval}, MaxDepth → 20]]
```

```
Out[103]= {88.3238, {0, 0, 369}}
```

$$\text{Bound 7: } \kappa_3 = \frac{\pi - \theta_{1-c}}{2J_2} \left(\text{Log}[Zeta[1 - c + r]] + 2 \text{Sum} \left[\text{Log} \left[Zeta \left[1 - c - r \text{Cos} \left[\theta_{1-c} + (\pi - \theta_{1-c}) \frac{j}{J_2} \right] \right] \right], \{j, 1, J_2 - 1\} \right] \right)$$

$$\frac{\kappa_3/\pi}{\text{Log}[r/(c-1/2)]} \leq \frac{491}{1024} - \frac{33179656 + 3346893L}{512(208616 + 21113L + 512L^2)}$$

```
In[104]:= bound[7] =  $\frac{491}{1024} - \frac{33179656 + 3346893L}{512(208616 + 21113L + 512L^2)}$ ;
```

```
In[105]:= Clear[f];
```

```
f[L_] =  $\frac{491}{1024} - \frac{33179656 + 3346893L}{512(208616 + 21113L + 512L^2)}$  -
  Block[{J2 = 24},  $\frac{1/\pi}{\logrc[L]} - \frac{\pi - \theta_{1-c}[L]}{2 J2}$  (Log[Zeta[1 - c[L] + r[L]]] +
  2 Sum[Log[Zeta[1 - c[L] - r[L] Cos[ $\theta_{1-c}[L] \left( 1 - \frac{j}{J2} \right) + \frac{\pi j}{J2}$ ]]], {j, 1, J2 - 1}])];
```

```
In[107]:= Reduce[D[bound[7], L] ≥ 0 && L ≥ 27]
          Reduce[D[1 - c[L] + r[L], L] ≤ 0 && L ≥ 27]
```

```
Out[107]= L ≥ 27
```

```
Out[108]= L ≥ 27
```

```
In[109]:= f[Lint_] := Module[{L, rat, J2, rmcp1, insidezeta},
  J2 = 24;
  rat = MonotoneEnclosure[ $\frac{491}{1024} - \frac{33\,179\,656 + 3\,346\,893\,L}{512(208\,616 + 21\,113\,L + 512\,L^2)}$ , L, Lint];
  rmcp1 = Log[Zeta[MonotoneEnclosure[1 - c[L] + r[L], L, Lint]]];
  insidezeta[j_] := IntervalIntersection[Interval[{Min[c[Lint]], ∞}],
    1 - c[Lint] - r[Lint] * Cos[ $\theta_{1-c}$ [Lint] *  $\left(1 - \frac{j}{J2}\right) + \frac{\pi j}{J2}$ ]];
  rat -  $\frac{1/\pi}{\logrc[Lint]} \frac{\pi - \theta_{1-c}[Lint]}{2\,J2}$ 
    (rmcp1 + 2 Sum[Log[Zeta[insidezeta[j]]], {j, 1, J2 - 1}]);
```

```
In[110]:= N[f[Interval[{27 + 1/50, 27 + 1/50 + 1/100}]], 30]
          N[f[Interval[{220, ∞}]], 30]
```

```
Out[110]= Interval[{0.00151497267607420503100595273910, 0.00164915403486988469788854466171}]
```

```
Out[111]= Interval[{0.00267492113348354076383606546959, 0.00292377330749874296642252703956}]
```

```
In[112]:= Timing[Length/@ProveNonNegative[f, f, {Linterval}, MaxDepth → 25]]
```

```
Out[112]= {141.589, {0, 0, 473}}
```

Bound 8:
$$\frac{\kappa_7/\pi}{\text{Log}[r/(c-1/2)]} \leq \frac{18281-1411L-50L^2}{800695+63962L+512L^2}$$

```
In[113]:= bound[8] =  $\frac{18\,281 - 1411\,L - 50\,L^2}{800\,695 + 63\,962\,L + 512\,L^2}$ ;
```

The quantity κ_7 is defined by

```
In[114]:= Clear[K7];
```

$$\text{In}[115]= \text{K7}[c_, r_, \eta_] = \frac{1}{4} \text{Block}[\{\sigma = c + r \text{Cos}[\theta], t = r \text{Sin}[\theta]\}, \text{Integrate}[\text{$$

$$(1 + \eta - \sigma) \left(2t - 4 + \frac{7}{19} \left((1 + \sigma)^2 + (t - 2)^2 \right) \right), \{\theta, \text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1 + \eta - c}{r}\right], \text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{-\eta - c}{r}\right]\}]]]$$

$$\text{Out}[115]= \frac{1}{152} \left(20 (1 - c + \eta)^2 - 20 (-1 + c - \eta) (c + \eta) - \right.$$

$$2 r (-55 + 14 c^2 + 7 r^2 + c (7 - 21 \eta) - 21 \eta) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - r^2 + 2 c \eta + \eta^2}{r^2}} +$$

$$2 r (-48 + 14 c^2 + 7 r^2 - 7 c (-2 + \eta) - 7 \eta) \sqrt{1 - \frac{(1 - c + \eta)^2}{r^2}} +$$

$$2 (41 + 7 c^3 + c (-55 + 14 r^2 - 14 \eta) - 7 c^2 (-1 + \eta) + (41 - 7 r^2) \eta) \text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1 - c + \eta}{r}\right] -$$

$$2 (41 + 7 c^3 + c (-55 + 14 r^2 - 14 \eta) - 7 c^2 (-1 + \eta) + (41 - 7 r^2) \eta) \text{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{c + \eta}{r}\right] -$$

$$\left. 5 r^2 \text{Cos}\left[2 \text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{1 - c + \eta}{r}\right]\right] + 5 r^2 \text{Cos}\left[2 \text{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{c + \eta}{r}\right]\right] \right)$$

Some nontrivial rearranging work, which we did by hand, gives

$$\text{In}[116]= \kappa_7[c_, r_, \eta_] := \text{Block}[\{\alpha_1 = \sqrt{(-1 + c + r - \eta) (1 - c + r + \eta)}, \alpha_2 = \sqrt{-(c - r + \eta) (c + r + \eta)}\},$$

$$\frac{1}{76} \left(\alpha_1 (-48 + 14 c + 14 c^2 + 7 r^2 - 7 \eta - 7 c \eta) + \alpha_2 (55 - 7 c - 14 c^2 - 7 r^2 + 21 \eta + 21 c \eta) + \right.$$

$$5 (1 + 2 \eta)^2 + (41 - 55 c + 7 c^2 + 7 c^3 + 14 c r^2 + 41 \eta - 14 c \eta - 7 c^2 \eta - 7 r^2 \eta)$$

$$\left. \left(\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + c - \eta}{\alpha_1}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{c + \eta}{\alpha_2}\right] \right) \right)]$$

Mathematica is unable to ascertain if the two expressions are equivalent, but they are.

$$\text{In}[117]= (* Should Simplify to just 0 *) \text{FullSimplify}[\text{K7}[c, r, \eta] - \kappa_7[c, r, \eta],$$

$$\text{Assumptions} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{2} < c - r < 1 - c < -\eta < 0 < 1 < 1 + \eta < c < c + r]$$

$$\text{Out}[117]= -\frac{1}{152} (c (-55 + 7 c (1 + c) + 14 r^2) - 7 (c (2 + c) + r^2) \eta + 41 (1 + \eta))$$

$$\left(\pi + 2 i \text{ArcCosh}\left[\frac{1 - c + \eta}{r}\right] + 2 \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{c + \eta}{r}\right] + \right.$$

$$\left. 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + c - \eta}{\sqrt{(-1 + c + r - \eta) (1 - c + r + \eta)}}\right] - 2 i \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{c + \eta}{\sqrt{(c - r + \eta) (c + r + \eta)}}\right] \right)$$

```

In[118]:= (* Just as a reality check, compute the difference
           for 10 random numbers to 100000 digits. Should all be 0. *)
$MaxExtraPrecision = 100 000;
MinMax[Table[Block[{k = RandomInteger[{28, 10 000}]},
  N[K7[c[k], r[k], η[k]] - κ7[c[k], r[k], η[k]], 20]], {10}]]
$MaxExtraPrecision = 50;

```

... N: Internal precision limit \$MaxExtraPrecision = 100000.` reached while evaluating

$$\frac{1}{76} \left(\frac{56180}{9409} - \frac{32953838330272431 \sqrt{\frac{1442561450135187}{2}}}{55561674946693609353625} + \frac{323878868495277 \sqrt{\frac{126071479227330907}{2}}}{111123349893387218707250} - \frac{9744796469069435269 \left(-\text{ArcTan}[\text{Times}[\ll 2 \gg]] + \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{38064775}{2} \text{Power}[\ll 2 \gg]\right]\right)}{295543771762051400} \right) + \frac{1}{152} \left(-\frac{2602300}{2098207} + \ll 9 \gg \right)$$

... N: Internal precision limit \$MaxExtraPrecision = 100000.` reached while evaluating

$$\frac{1}{76} \left(\frac{141158161}{28060805} - \frac{13340840656209809977773951 \sqrt{\frac{280538914893910902913816189}{5}}}{9629170666266179972805943356353041600} + \frac{6038483048988648170189871 \sqrt{\frac{2 \ll 25 \gg 89}{5}}}{9629170666266179972805943356353041600} - \frac{2090260394550423334267223053143 \left(-\text{ArcTan}[\text{Times}[\ll 2 \gg]] + \text{ArcTan}[229183748404 \text{Power}[\ll 2 \gg]]\right)}{127141292172189212571776759000} \right) + \frac{1}{152} \left(-\frac{1 \ll 9 \gg 04}{2 \ll 10 \gg 65} + \ll 9 \gg \right).$$

... N: Internal precision limit \$MaxExtraPrecision = 100000.` reached while evaluating

$$\frac{1}{76} \left(\frac{1058658005}{211469764} - \frac{58619239698579799821827031711 \sqrt{962073466399214968285895675159}}{5934695324475250083835373953198464863626000} + \frac{272911744870763668768090539 \sqrt{\ll 33 \gg}}{5395177567704772 \ll 10 \gg 9381678623966000} - (21085050027334579998436684358566793 \left(-\text{ArcTan}[\text{Times}[\ll 2 \gg]] + \text{ArcTan}[12010740313775 \text{Power}[\ll 2 \gg]]\right]) / 1319760788376407700288311920258300 \right) + \frac{1}{152} (\ll 1 \gg).$$

... General: Further output of N::meprec will be suppressed during this calculation.

Out[119]= {0. × 10^{-100 020}, 0. × 10^{-100 020}}

Now we turn to developing an interval enclosure for κ_7 .

```

In[121]:= (* the alphas are monotone decreasing*)
Reduce[L ≥ 27 && D[(-1 + c[L] + r[L] - η[L]) (1 - c[L] + r[L] + η[L]), L] ≤ 0, L, Reals]
Reduce[L ≥ 27 && D[-(c[L] - r[L] + η[L]) (c[L] + r[L] + η[L]), L] ≤ 0, L, Reals]

Out[121]= L ≥ 27

Out[122]= L ≥ 27

In[123]:= (* the alpha coefficients are monotone, one decreasing and one increasing *)
Reduce[
  L ≥ 27 && D[(-48 + 14 c[L] + 14 c[L]^2 + 7 r[L]^2 - 7 η[L] - 7 c[L] × η[L]), L] ≤ 0, L, Reals]
Reduce[L ≥ 27 && D[(55 - 7 c[L] - 14 c[L]^2 - 7 r[L]^2 + 21 η[L] + 21 c[L] × η[L]), L] ≥ 0,
  L, Reals]

Out[123]= L ≥ 27

Out[124]= L ≥ 27

In[125]:= (*the arctan coefficient is monotone decreasing *)
Reduce[L ≥ 27 && D[(41 - 55 c[L] + 7 c[L]^2 + 7 c[L]^3 + 14 c[L] r[L]^2 +
  41 η[L] - 14 c[L] × η[L] - 7 c[L]^2 η[L] - 7 r[L]^2 η[L]), L] ≤ 0, L, Reals]

Out[125]= L ≥ 27

In[126]:= kappa7[L_] = κ7[c[L], r[L], η[L]];
kappa7[Lint_Interval] := Module[{a1c, a2c, arctanc, L, α1, α2},
  α1 =
  Sqrt[MonotoneEnclosure[(-1 + c[L] + r[L] - η[L]) (1 - c[L] + r[L] + η[L]), L, Lint]];
  α2 = Sqrt[MonotoneEnclosure[-(c[L] - r[L] + η[L]) (c[L] + r[L] + η[L]), L, Lint]];
  a1c = MonotoneEnclosure[
    (-48 + 14 c[L] + 14 c[L]^2 + 7 r[L]^2 - 7 η[L] - 7 c[L] × η[L]), L, Lint];
  a2c = MonotoneEnclosure[(55 - 7 c[L] - 14 c[L]^2 - 7 r[L]^2 + 21 η[L] + 21 c[L] × η[L]),
    L, Lint];
  arctanc = MonotoneEnclosure[(41 - 55 c[L] + 7 c[L]^2 + 7 c[L]^3 + 14 c[L] r[L]^2 +
    41 η[L] - 14 c[L] × η[L] - 7 c[L]^2 η[L] - 7 r[L]^2 η[L]), L, Lint];

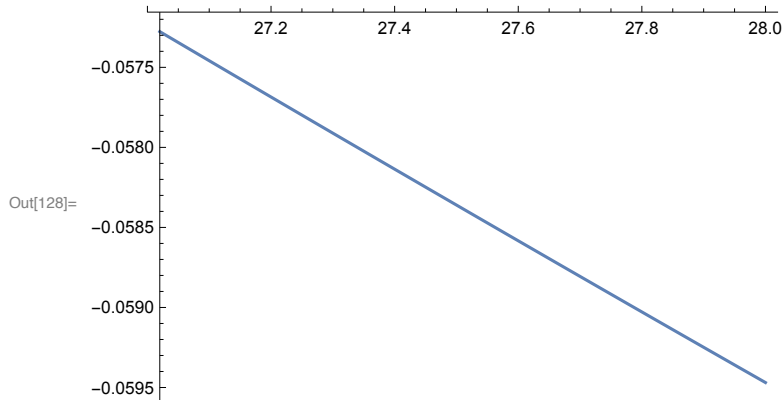
  
$$\frac{1}{76} \left( \alpha_1 * a1c + \alpha_2 * a2c + 5 (1 + 2 \eta[Lint])^2 + \right.$$

  arctanc 
$$\left( \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + c[Lint] - \eta[Lint]}{\alpha_1}\right] - \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{c[Lint] + \eta[Lint]}{\alpha_2}\right] \right) \right)$$


```



```
In[128]:= Plot[kappa7[L], {L, 27.02, 28}]
N[kappa7[Interval[{27 + 1/50, 28}]], 20]
```



```
Out[128]= Interval[{-0.074095309014146524890, -0.042662563846630312688}]
```

```
In[130]:= Reduce[L ≥ 27 && D[bound[8], L] ≤ 0, L, Reals]
```

```
Out[130]= L ≥ 27
```

```
In[131]:= Clear[f];
```

$$f[L_] = \text{bound}[8] - \frac{\text{kappa7}[L] / \pi}{\text{logrc}[L]};$$

```
f[Lint_Interval] :=
```

$$\text{Module}[{L}, \text{MonotoneEnclosure}\left[\frac{18281 - 1411L - 50L^2}{800695 + 63962L + 512L^2}, L, \text{Lint}\right] - \frac{\text{kappa7}[\text{Lint}] / \pi}{\text{logrc}[\text{Lint}]}];$$

```
In[134]:= N[f[Interval[{2^15, ∞}]], 30]
```

```
Out[134]= Interval[
{0.0000332388214824445357102907788924, 0.00112049541717487618317970614404}]
```

```
In[135]:= Timing[Length/@ProveNonNegative[f, f, {Linterval}, MaxDepth → 20]]
```

```
Out[135]= {45.0998, {0, 0, 2213}}
```

Bound 9:
$$\frac{\kappa_8/\pi}{\text{Log}[r/(c-1/2)]} \leq \frac{-961048 - 15293L - 42L^2}{3255348 + 113665L + 512L^2}$$

```
In[136]:= bound[9] = 
$$\frac{-961048 - 15293L - 42L^2}{3255348 + 113665L + 512L^2};$$

```

For the current values of c , r , we have $\theta_{-1/2} = \pi$. The quantity κ_8 is defined by

$$\text{In[137]:= } \mathbf{K8} = \frac{1}{4} \text{Block}[\{\sigma = c + r \text{Cos}[\theta], t = r \text{Sin}[\theta]\}, \\ \text{Integrate}[(1 - 2\sigma) \left(2t - 4 + \frac{7}{19} \left((1 + \sigma)^2 + (t - 2)^2\right)\right), \{\theta, \text{ArcCos}\left[\frac{-\eta - c}{r}\right], \pi\}]]$$

$$\text{Out[137]= } \frac{1}{76} \left(5r(2 - 4c + r) - \pi(41 + 7r^2 + c(-96 + 7c(3 + 2c) + 28r^2)) + \right. \\ \left. 2r(-48 + 14c^2 + 7r^2 - 7c(-2 + \eta) - 7\eta) \sqrt{-\frac{c^2 - r^2 + 2c\eta + \eta^2}{r^2}} + \right. \\ \left. 5(-2c + 2c^2 + r^2 - 2\eta(1 + \eta)) + (41 + 7r^2 + c(-96 + 7c(3 + 2c) + 28r^2)) \text{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{c + \eta}{r}\right]\right)$$

Some easy rearranging work gives

$$\text{In[138]:= } \mathbf{x8}[c_, r_, \eta_] := \\ \text{Block}[\{\alpha2 = \sqrt{-(c - r + \eta)(c + r + \eta)}\}, \frac{1}{76} \left(c^2(10 - 21\pi) - 41\pi - 14c^3\pi + 10r^2 - 7\pi r^2 + \right. \\ \left. c(-10 + 96\pi - 20r - 28\pi r^2) + 10(r - \eta(1 + \eta)) + 2(-48 + 7r^2 + 7c(2 + 2c - \eta) - 7\eta)\alpha2 + \right. \\ \left. (41 + 7r^2 + c(-96 + 7c(3 + 2c) + 28r^2)) \text{ArcCos}\left[-\frac{c + \eta}{r}\right]\right)]$$

Mathematica is able to ascertain if the two expressions are equivalent, and they are.

$$\text{In[139]:= } \text{Reduce}[\mathbf{K8} == \mathbf{x8}[c, r, \eta] \ \&\& \ \frac{-1}{2} < c - r < 1 - c < -\eta < 0 < 1 < 1 + \eta < c < c + r]$$

$$\text{Out[139]= } \left(1 < r \leq \frac{3}{2} \ \&\& \ 1 < c < \frac{1+r}{2} \ \&\& \ 0 < \eta < -1 + c\right) \ || \\ \left(\frac{3}{2} < r < 2 \ \&\& \ \frac{1}{2}(-1 + 2r) < c < \frac{1+r}{2} \ \&\& \ 0 < \eta < -1 + c\right)$$

Now we turn to developing an interval enclosure for κ_8 .

In[140]:= (* the $\alpha2$ is monotone decreasing, and so is its coefficient *)

$$\text{Reduce}[L \geq 27 \ \&\& \ D[-(c[L] - r[L] + \eta[L])(c[L] + r[L] + \eta[L]), L] \leq 0, L, \text{Reals}]$$

$$\text{Reduce}[L \geq 27 \ \&\& \ D[2(-48 + 7r[L]^2 + 7c[L](2 + 2c[L] - \eta[L]) - 7\eta[L]), L] \leq 0, L, \text{Reals}]$$

$$\text{Out[140]= } L \geq 27$$

$$\text{Out[141]= } L \geq 27$$

In[142]:= (* the big terms are monotone increasing*)

$$\text{Reduce}[L \geq 27 \ \&\& \ D[c[L]^2(10 - 21\pi) - 41\pi - 14c[L]^3\pi + 10r[L]^2 - 7\pi r[L]^2 +$$

$$c[L](-10 + 96\pi - 20r[L] - 28\pi r[L]^2) + 10(r[L] - \eta[L](1 + \eta[L])), L] \geq 0, L, \text{Reals}]$$

$$\text{Out[142]= } L \geq 27$$

```
In[143]:= (*the arccos coefficient is monotone decreasing *)
Reduce[
  L ≥ 27 && D[(41 + 7 r[L]^2 + c[L] (-96 + 7 c[L] (3 + 2 c[L]) + 28 r[L]^2)), L] ≤ 0, L, Reals]
(* the arccos term is monotone *)
Reduce[L ≥ 27 && D[-(c[L] + η[L])/r[L], L] ≤ 0, L, Reals]
```

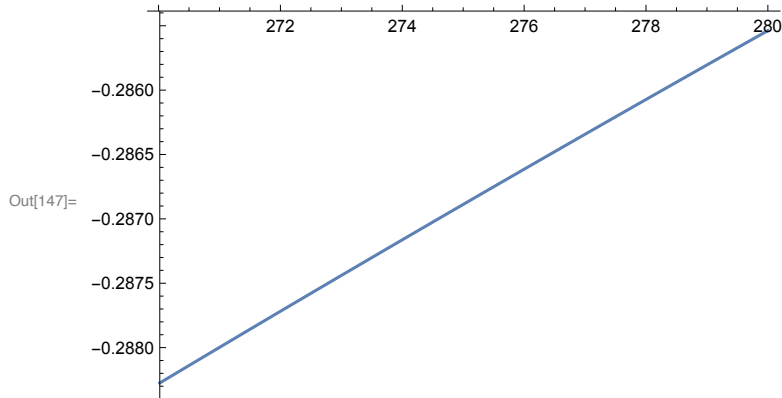
Out[143]= $L \geq 27$

Out[144]= $L \geq 27$

```
In[145]:= kappa8[L_] = κ8[c[L], r[L], η[L]];
kappa8[Lint_Interval] := Module[{a2c, arccosc, arccos, L, bigs, α2},
  α2 = Sqrt[MonotoneEnclosure[-(c[L] - r[L] + η[L]) (c[L] + r[L] + η[L]), L, Lint]];
  a2c = MonotoneEnclosure[2 (-48 + 7 r[L]^2 + 7 c[L] (2 + 2 c[L] - η[L]) - 7 η[L]), L, Lint];
  arccos = ArcCos[MonotoneEnclosure[-(c[L] + η[L])/r[L], L, Lint]];
  arccosc = MonotoneEnclosure[
    (41 + 7 r[L]^2 + c[L] (-96 + 7 c[L] (3 + 2 c[L]) + 28 r[L]^2)), L, Lint];
  bigs = MonotoneEnclosure[c[L]^2 (10 - 21 π) - 41 π - 14 c[L]^3 π + 10 r[L]^2 - 7 π r[L]^2 +
    c[L] (-10 + 96 π - 20 r[L] - 28 π r[L]^2) + 10 (r[L] - η[L] (1 + η[L])), L, Lint];

  1/76 (bigs + a2c * α2 + arccosc * arccos)]
```

```
In[147]:= Plot[kappa8[L], {L, 270.02, 280}]
N[kappa8[Interval[{270 + 1/50, 280}]], 20]
```



Out[147]= $\text{Interval}[-0.29852563525562772615, -0.27528440912884977799]$

```
In[149]:= Reduce[L ≥ 27 && D[bound[9], L] ≥ 0, L, Reals]
```

Out[149]= $L \geq 27$

```

In[150]:= Clear[f];
f[L_] = bound[9] -  $\frac{\text{kappa8}[L]/\pi}{\text{logrc}[L]}$ ;
f[Lint_Interval] := Module[{L},
  MonotoneEnclosure[ $\frac{-961048 - 15293L - 42L^2}{3255348 + 113665L + 512L^2}$ , L, Lint] -  $\frac{\text{kappa8}[Lint]/\pi}{\text{logrc}[Lint]}$ ];

In[153]:= N[f[Interval[{216, ∞}]], 30]
Out[153]:= Interval[
  {0.000270211633843625302209032182015, 0.00168747585190771594561288523705}]

In[154]:= Timing[Length/@ProveNonNegative[f, f, {Linterval}, MaxDepth → 20]]
Out[154]:= {114.986, {0, 0, 10327}}

```

Assembling the final bound

```

In[155]:= sharp[L_, T_] = Sum[bound[k], {k, 1, 7}] +  $\frac{1}{T+2}$  (bound[8] + bound[9])
Out[155]:=  $\frac{1127}{1024} + \frac{953657L}{4194304} + \frac{80807 + 17909L + 178L^2}{4(164296 + 9637L + 128L^2)} - \frac{33179656 + 3346893L}{512(208616 + 21113L + 512L^2)} +$ 
 $\frac{149201 - 214796L - 1135L^2}{496726 + 75117L + 512L^2} + \frac{79045 - 118430L - 182L^2}{599789 + 91562L + 512L^2} -$ 
 $\frac{9(25384532 + 113745L)}{64(7149852 + 150141L + 512L^2)} + \frac{80396 + 135589L + 798L^2}{16(38735 + 3105L + 32L^2)} +$ 
 $\frac{1}{14(-\frac{1}{5} + T)} + \frac{\frac{18281 - 1411L - 50L^2}{800695 + 63962L + 512L^2} + \frac{-961048 - 15293L - 42L^2}{3255348 + 113665L + 512L^2}}{2 + T} + \frac{947}{512} \text{Log}[1 + L]$ 

```

First we wrestle with the terms involving T .

```

In[156]:= Clear[f];
f[L_, T_] =  $\frac{1}{14(-\frac{1}{5} + T)} + \frac{\frac{18281 - 1411L - 50L^2}{800695 + 63962L + 512L^2} + \frac{-961048 - 15293L - 42L^2}{3255348 + 113665L + 512L^2}}{2 + T}$ ;

In[158]:= Reduce[D[ $\frac{18281 - 1411L - 50L^2}{800695 + 63962L + 512L^2} + \frac{-961048 - 15293L - 42L^2}{3255348 + 113665L + 512L^2}$ , L] ≥ 0 && L ≥ 27]
Out[158]:= L ≥ 27

```

That is, f is monotone increasing in L . It is not monotone in T , but no matter.

```
In[159]:= f[Lint_Interval, Tint_Interval] := Module[{Lmin, Lmax, Aint},
  Aint =
  MonotoneEnclosure[ $\frac{18281 - 1411 L - 50 L^2}{800695 + 63962 L + 512 L^2} + \frac{-961048 - 15293 L - 42 L^2}{3255348 + 113665 L + 512 L^2}$ , L, Lint];
   $\frac{1/14}{Tint - 1/5} + \frac{Aint}{2 + Tint}$ ]
```

```
In[160]:= f[Linterval, Interval[{5/7, ∞}]]
```

```
Out[160]= Interval[{- $\frac{1740511359623068519}{20621697391729192303}$ ,  $\frac{5}{36}$ }]
```

```
In[161]:= Maximize[{Limit[f[L, T], L → Infinity], T ≥ 5/7}, T, Reals]
```

```
Out[161]= { $\frac{1591}{21888}$ , {T →  $\frac{5}{7}$ }}
```

```
In[162]:= tobeprovennonneg[L_, T_] :=  $\frac{75}{1024} - f[L, T]$ ;
```

```
In[163]:= AbsoluteTiming[ProveNonNegative[tobeprovennonneg,
  tobeprovennonneg, {Linterval, Interval[{5/7, ∞}]}]]
```

```
Out[163]= {0.020345,
  {{}, {}, {{Interval[ $\{\frac{1351}{50}, 32\}$ ], Interval[ $\{\frac{5}{7}, 1\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{\frac{1351}{50}, 28\}$ ],
  Interval[ $\{1, 2\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{\frac{1351}{50}, 28\}$ ], Interval[ $\{2, \infty\}$ ]},
  {Interval[ $\{28, 32\}$ ], Interval[ $\{1, 2\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{28, 32\}$ ], Interval[ $\{2, \infty\}$ ]},
  {Interval[ $\{32, 64\}$ ], Interval[ $\{\frac{5}{7}, \frac{3}{4}\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{32, 64\}$ ], Interval[ $\{\frac{3}{4}, 1\}$ ]},
  {Interval[ $\{64, 128\}$ ], Interval[ $\{\frac{5}{7}, \frac{23}{32}\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{64, 128\}$ ],
  Interval[ $\{\frac{23}{32}, \frac{3}{4}\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{128, \infty\}$ ], Interval[ $\{\frac{5}{7}, \frac{23}{32}\}$ ]},
  {Interval[ $\{128, \infty\}$ ], Interval[ $\{\frac{23}{32}, \frac{3}{4}\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{64, \infty\}$ ], Interval[ $\{\frac{3}{4}, 1\}$ ]},
  {Interval[ $\{32, 64\}$ ], Interval[ $\{1, 2\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{32, 64\}$ ], Interval[ $\{2, \infty\}$ ]},
  {Interval[ $\{64, \infty\}$ ], Interval[ $\{1, 2\}$ ]}, {Interval[ $\{64, \infty\}$ ], Interval[ $\{2, \infty\}$ ]}}
```

$$\text{In[164]:= sharp2[L_] = } \frac{1127}{1024} + \frac{953\,657\,L}{4\,194\,304} + \frac{80\,807 + 17\,909\,L + 178\,L^2}{4(164\,296 + 9637\,L + 128\,L^2)} -$$

$$\frac{33\,179\,656 + 3\,346\,893\,L}{512(208\,616 + 21\,113\,L + 512\,L^2)} + \frac{149\,201 - 214\,796\,L - 1135\,L^2}{496\,726 + 75\,117\,L + 512\,L^2} + \frac{79\,045 - 118\,430\,L - 182\,L^2}{599\,789 + 91\,562\,L + 512\,L^2} -$$

$$\frac{9(25\,384\,532 + 113\,745\,L)}{64(7\,149\,852 + 150\,141\,L + 512\,L^2)} + \frac{80\,396 + 135\,589\,L + 798\,L^2}{16(38\,735 + 3105\,L + 32\,L^2)} + \frac{75}{1024} + \frac{947}{512} \text{Log}[1 + L]$$

$$\text{Out[164]= } \frac{601}{512} + \frac{953\,657\,L}{4\,194\,304} + \frac{80\,807 + 17\,909\,L + 178\,L^2}{4(164\,296 + 9637\,L + 128\,L^2)} - \frac{33\,179\,656 + 3\,346\,893\,L}{512(208\,616 + 21\,113\,L + 512\,L^2)} +$$

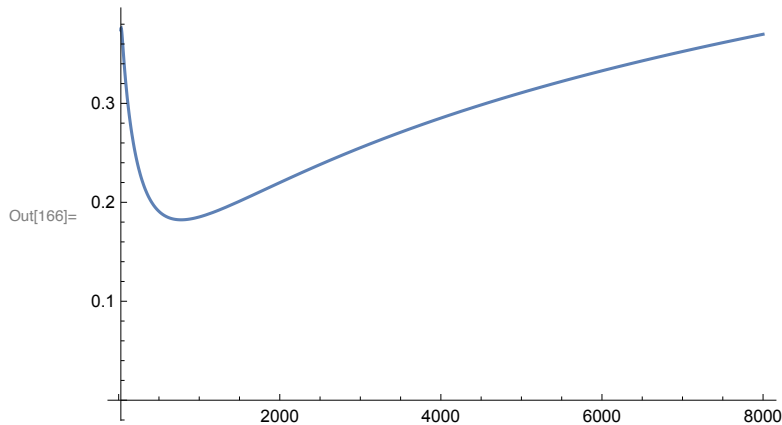
$$\frac{149\,201 - 214\,796\,L - 1135\,L^2}{496\,726 + 75\,117\,L + 512\,L^2} + \frac{79\,045 - 118\,430\,L - 182\,L^2}{599\,789 + 91\,562\,L + 512\,L^2} -$$

$$\frac{9(25\,384\,532 + 113\,745\,L)}{64(7\,149\,852 + 150\,141\,L + 512\,L^2)} + \frac{80\,396 + 135\,589\,L + 798\,L^2}{16(38\,735 + 3105\,L + 32\,L^2)} + \frac{947}{512} \text{Log}[1 + L]$$

$$\text{In[165]:= N}\left[\frac{953\,657}{4\,194\,304}, 20\right]$$

Out[165]= 0.22736954689025878906

In[166]:= Plot[0.22737 L + 2 Log[1 + L] - 1/2 - sharp2[L], {L, 27, 20³},
PlotRange -> All, AxesOrigin -> {27.02, 0}, PlotLegends -> "Expressions"]



$$\text{In[167]:= toprovenonneg[L_] = } \frac{22\,737}{100\,000} L + 2 \text{Log}[1 + L] - 1/2 - \text{sharp2}[L]$$

$$\text{Out[167]= } -\frac{857}{512} + \frac{5939\,L}{13\,107\,200\,000} - \frac{80\,807 + 17\,909\,L + 178\,L^2}{4(164\,296 + 9637\,L + 128\,L^2)} +$$

$$\frac{33\,179\,656 + 3\,346\,893\,L}{512(208\,616 + 21\,113\,L + 512\,L^2)} - \frac{149\,201 - 214\,796\,L - 1135\,L^2}{496\,726 + 75\,117\,L + 512\,L^2} - \frac{79\,045 - 118\,430\,L - 182\,L^2}{599\,789 + 91\,562\,L + 512\,L^2} +$$

$$\frac{9(25\,384\,532 + 113\,745\,L)}{64(7\,149\,852 + 150\,141\,L + 512\,L^2)} - \frac{80\,396 + 135\,589\,L + 798\,L^2}{16(38\,735 + 3105\,L + 32\,L^2)} + \frac{77}{512} \text{Log}[1 + L]$$

Notice that all of the denominators are positive $L > 0$. The rational part of $\text{toprovenonneg}[L]$ has only one critical value for $L \geq 27 + \frac{1}{50}$, near $L = 20\,000$. We use that knowledge to speed up the interval enclosure below, but don't need to do so.

In[168]:= **Reduce**[$L \geq L_{\min}$ && $D\left[-\frac{857}{512} - \frac{80\,807 + 17\,909 L + 178 L^2}{4(164\,296 + 9637 L + 128 L^2)} + \frac{33\,179\,656 + 3\,346\,893 L}{512(208\,616 + 21\,113 L + 512 L^2)} - \frac{149\,201 - 214\,796 L - 1135 L^2}{496\,726 + 75\,117 L + 512 L^2} - \frac{79\,045 - 118\,430 L - 182 L^2}{599\,789 + 91\,562 L + 512 L^2} + \frac{9(25\,384\,532 + 113\,745 L)}{64(7\,149\,852 + 150\,141 L + 512 L^2)} - \frac{80\,396 + 135\,589 L + 798 L^2}{16(38\,735 + 3105 L + 32 L^2)}, L\right] \leq 0]$

Out[168]:= $L \geq \frac{1351}{50}$

In[169]:= **toprovenonneg**[**Lint_Interval**] := **Module**[{**L**, **expr**, **exprint**},
 $\text{expr} = -\frac{857}{512} - \frac{80\,807 + 17\,909 L + 178 L^2}{4(164\,296 + 9637 L + 128 L^2)} + \frac{33\,179\,656 + 3\,346\,893 L}{512(208\,616 + 21\,113 L + 512 L^2)} - \frac{149\,201 - 214\,796 L - 1135 L^2}{496\,726 + 75\,117 L + 512 L^2} - \frac{79\,045 - 118\,430 L - 182 L^2}{599\,789 + 91\,562 L + 512 L^2} + \frac{9(25\,384\,532 + 113\,745 L)}{64(7\,149\,852 + 150\,141 L + 512 L^2)} - \frac{80\,396 + 135\,589 L + 798 L^2}{16(38\,735 + 3105 L + 32 L^2)};$
 $\text{exprint} = \text{MonotoneEnclosure}[\text{expr}, L, \text{Lint}];$
 $\text{exprint} + \frac{5939 \text{Lint}}{13\,107\,200\,000} + \frac{77}{512} \text{Log}[1 + \text{Lint}];$

In[170]:= **N**[**toprovenonneg**[**Interval**[{ 2^{12} , ∞ }], 30]

Out[170]:= **Interval**[[{0.244994201896697407871343431869, ∞ }]

In[171]:= **AbsoluteTiming**[
ProveNonNegative[**toprovenonneg**, **toprovenonneg**, {**Linterval**}, **MaxDepth** → 25]]

Out[171]:= {0.043593, {{}, {}, {{Interval[{ $\frac{1351}{50}$, 32}]}},
{Interval[{32, 64}]}}, {Interval[{64, 128}]}}, {Interval[{128, 256}]}},
{Interval[{256, 512}]}}, {Interval[{512, 1024}]}}, {Interval[{1024, ∞]}]}}